

Olimpiada topshiriqlari

Ingliz tili 10

1-qism: Har bir topshiriq 0,9 balldan baholanadi

My sister and I are very different, __ (1) __ we get on well together. She likes staying at home in the evening __ (2) __ watching television with parents. __ (3) __ I prefer going out with my friends. We like to go to clubs or the cinema. Sometimes we just go to a café.

1. A) and B) but
C) so D) because

2. A) however B) so
C) and D) because

3. A) Because B) And
C) So D) But

4. All that glitters _____ not gold.
A) are B) is
C) were D) aren't

5. Either your brakes or your eyesight _____ at fault.
A) is B) are
C) were D) aren't

6. It's _____ low season now, and _____ most of _____ hotels are half empty.
A) the / _ / the B) a / _ / the
C) _ / _ / the D) a / _ / _

7. Long ago, people thought that the earth was flat. Long ago, the earth _____ flat.
A) was thinking to be B) was thought to be
C) is thought to be D) thought to be

8. Don't ask me what cauliflower tastes like. I _____ eating it.
A) am not trying B) didn't try
C) haven't tried D) don't try

It is a mistake to assume that "educational" programs on television are likely to be boring. In fact, as long as these programs are made in a rich and creative manner, there is no doubt that they can and do draw the attention of people, especially young people. Perhaps some of the best examples of successful educational programs are those which deal, for instance, with ancient historical sites, environmental problems, wild life, geography or the strange world at the bottom of the sea.

9. In the passage, the term 'wild life _____'.
A) is used to indicate the behavior of young people.

- B) refers to animals, birds and other living beings in nature
C) signifies the living conditions of primitive people
D) means a large unused piece of land

10. Some people seem to think that _____.
A) only those programs concerned with historical and geographical subjects can be fascinating.
B) television does not give enough importance to the problems of youth
C) educational programs on television are of little interest
D) a lot of money is needed to make a good educational program

2-qism: Har bir topshiriq 1,5 balldan baholanadi

11. Marquez dominated the first two rounds _____ Pacquiao almost _____ his balance.
A) making / to lose B) made / losing

- C) making / lose D) made / lose

12. He escaped in January, _____ the border for the sanctuary of the country.
A) having crossed B) being crossed
C) crossing D) to be crossing

13. Most of the weight lost by exercising is _____ dehydration, and this weight is regained _____ you drink water.
A) thanks to / before B) in spite of / when
C) due to / the moment D) as to / until

Thomas Pynchon, the American novelist and sometime short-story writer, is as elusive as the characters he (14) _____. In his books, characters seem to shift their identities at the drop of a hat, (15) _____ a way that readers find either confusing (16) _____ amusing. As for the writer (17) _____, not one photo of him has ever been officially released, and even his publisher does not know where he lives.

14.
A) puts B) creates
C) exerts D) discovers

15.
A) at B) in
C) of D) on

16.
A) and B) nor
C) too D) or

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17.

- A) himself B) his own
C) him D) itself

The majority of automobile accidents result from alcohol. A person who has drunk too much beer gets into a strange state called drunkenness. This state is marked either by an unpleasant feeling of loss of balance, or by falling asleep. Either of these problems is dangerous for drivers. On the road, a drunk driver is too dizzy to pay attention to traffic signs, and his lack of control may lead him to run a stop sign, exceed the speed limit, or swerve his car. As a result, he may either hit another car or a person. It is very likely that he will crash his car and often he will kill or injure himself or others. Therefore, the government has established stricter laws against drunk drivers.

18. Drunkenness occurs when a person.....

- A) takes excessive alcohol.
B) gets into a strange state.
C) loses his balance.
D) has an unpleasant feeling.

19. Drunk drivers are liable to

- A) pay attention to traffic rules.
B) drink too much beer.
C) observe the speed limit.
D) violate traffic rules and have accidents.

20. The laws established by the government

- A) are not approved by drivers.
B) were not so strict in the past as they are now.
C) lead the drivers to run a stop sign.
D) cause the drivers to injure themselves or others.

3-qism: Har bir topshiriq 2,6 balldan baholanadi

21. Complete the sentence.

_____, the occasion will be held in the ball room instead.

- A) Although everyone had brought their umbrellas with them
B) The number of the flights to Europe decreased
C) In case of rain or snow during next week's wedding reception
D) Despite the accurate predictions of meteorology

22. Find an incorrect sentence.

(1) Sewage system of the government has a major problem. (2) They're running out of numbers for their customers. (3) The system now in use invented in 1947. (4) No one then had any idea how fast the population would grow.

- A) 1 B) 2
C) 3 D) 4

23. (1) One of the most important principles in biology is that all living things must come from other living things. (2) This principle was not discovered until the 18th century. (3) Before that people believed that life could come from other kinds of matter. (4) In other words, a human being can come from a chimpanzee.

- A) 1 B) 2
C) 3 D) 4

24. Restate the sentence.

His seat belt saved him from suffering a serious injury.

- A) But for his seatbelt, he could have been saved from a significant injury.
B) Had he not been wearing his seatbelt, he would have been seriously injured.
C) Because he survived from a crucial injury, he promised to wear his seatbelt from then on.
D) Thanks to his seatbelt, he was saved from suffering a serious injury with only minor bruises.

25. Nobody is infallible but some are a lot more fallible than others!

- A) Everyone makes mistakes but some make more mistakes than others.
B) Some people have more faults than others but it doesn't mean that they are wrong ones.
C) Anybody is hardly faultless but you have to know that some are less fallible.
D) No single person is perfect; However, some are a lot more supreme than others.

26. He couldn't figure _____ what the manager was hinting _____ during the meeting.

- A) on / at B) up / to
C) in / from D) out / at

27. Gemmy studied the report _____ because she knew she would have to answer the questions on it.

- A) ultimately B) simultaneously
C) thoroughly D) eventually

Ian Fleming's* evil globefish - also known as a puffer, blowfish, swellfish, or, in Japanese, fugu - is one of the most mysterious creatures of the sea. It is perhaps the

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world's most deadly fish, yet in Japan the honorable fugu is the perfect example of gourmet dining. With its lazy, almost feeble way of swimming, the puffer fish gives no hint of its deadly nature. Here is no shark knifing through the water, with gleaming jaws agape; but the poison hidden in the puffer's entrails makes it fearsome indeed. About 100 species of puffers in several closely related families can be found throughout the world. Their most obvious characteristic is their ability to change from a reasonable fish shape into a sphere two or three times larger. When frightened, excited, or annoyed, they gulp water, or even air, into a sac on the belly. It swells inside their tough, elastic skin, like an inner tube inside a tire, so as to discourage predators or intimidate rivals. When the fish feels safe, it squirts out the water or releases the air, deflating to its normal shape.

28. In its appearance, the puffer fish

- A) resembles a shark with its jaws open
- B) looks as if it would taste delicious
- C) is both extraordinary and fearsome
- D) doesn't seem to be deadly

29. In certain situations, the puffer fish

- A) squirts water at its rivals
- B) hides its deadly nature by swimming feebly
- C) can increase in size
- D) will even attack sharks

30. Despite its deadly poison, the puffer fish

- A) is a much favored delicacy in Japan
- B) is frequently preyed upon by other fish
- C) never feels safe when other sea creatures are nearby
- D) prefers to attack its enemies with its teeth